WESTSIDE HIGH SCHOOL

Level Up: RISE to Your Potential

2024- 2025 Lesson Pl	an Template	Teacher: MRS.	MAYFIELD Subje	ect: READING BY DESIGN
Week of:	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Friday
November 3, 2024 - November 9, 2024	November 4, 2024	November 5, 2024	November 6, 2024 Thursday November 7, 2024	November 8, 2024 My son Luke's 11th Birthday; Professional Development Day
TEKS	TEKS ELA 5.7 B	ELA.1.2.B.i Phonics and Word Recognition, Blending, Coding, Spelling ELA 1.2.A.v ELA 4.1 A	TEKS ELA 5.B.3 TEKS ELA 5.B.4	

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Learning ObjectiveSWBATActivate prior knowledge and set the stage for learning. TheSWBATstudents practice blending soundsSWBATstudents practice blending soundsstudents review how to code "DGE" words from "THE LODGE ON THE LAKE " passage on page 69.SWBATstudents review how with "ea"students review how with "ea"words (e.g., "team," "beach"). T to show students yellow Spelling flashcards and then warm call on students to fill - in missing letters for words. Then warm call on another student toSWBATstudents practice blending sounds using (e.g., "team," "seem"). T to show students yellow Spelling flashcards and then warm call on students to fill - in missing letters for words. Then warm call on another student toSWBATstudents practice blending sounds using (e.g., "team," "seem"). T to show students yellow Spelling flashcards and then warm call on students to fill - in missing letters for words. Then warm call on another student to blend the word.					
Sudents will be able blend the word. to identify and use words with the "dge"	Learning Objective	prior knowledge and set the stage for learning. The students review how to code "DGE" words from "THE LODGE ON THE LAKE " passage on page 69. T to ask, "Do your words look like mine?" Sudents will be able to identify and use	practice blending sounds using flashcards with "ea" words (e.g., "team," "beach"). T to show students yellow Spelling flashcards and then warm call on students to fill - in missing letters for words. Then warm call	practice blending sounds using flashcards with "ee" words (e.g., "teem," "peer," "seem"). T to show students yellow Spelling flashcards and then warm call on students to fill - in missing letters for words. Then warm call on another	

T to briefly review with	Students to list words consisting of "dge" words (e.g., badge, edge, fudge).	Students to write the main idea of "The Song of the Lark"	Students to list as many "ee" words as they can in one minute.	
Agenda	1) DO NOW:	1) DO NOW:	1) DO NOW:	
Higher Order Thinking Questions	How would you describe the day after Halloween using two "au" words and three "Dge" words ? It does not matter if the letters "Au" and "Dge" are in the Initial, Medial, or Final Position.	If you were to change one or two morphemes to the beginning or ending of a word, how would the new word change ?	What is the premise for saying and repeating Vowel Pair Tongue Twisters?	
	demonstrating understanding through writing and reading activities. Students will also practice Extended Constructed Responses as per STAAR II requirements.			

students the "The Song of the Lark" by	Students to list words consisting of "au" words (e.g., caught, autumn, sauce).	by Willa Cather	AGENDA	
Willa Cather	Instructions -	AGENDA	Teacher Does	
STAAR II passage.	Students will circle the "dge" words in one color and the "au" words in another color.	<u>Teacher Does</u> Model blending "DGE" words by segmenting the sounds and then	Model blending "ee" words by segmenting the sounds and then blending them together.	
	AGENDA	blending them together.	Teacher Does	
	Teacher Modeling	Teacher Does Demonstrate how to	Demonstrate how to code "ee" words (e.g.,	
	In a couple of minutes, the Teacher will review the sounds associated with "dge"	code "DGE" words (e.g., underlining the vowel pair).	underlining the vowel pair).	
	and "au".		Guided Practice	
	Next, the Teacher will Write a "dge" word on the board and model	Next, she reads aloud the paragraphs in the STAAR II Extended Constructed Response. On the second oration,	Students to Engage in spelling activities that highlight "ee" patterns.	
	how to break it down phonetically (e.g., d-g-e).	she has the students repeat her sentence by sentence for the first	MRS: Turn and Talk Student A:	
	Write an "au" word and demonstrate how it sounds (e.g., aw).	one or two (if time allots) paragraphs. <u>Guided Practice</u>	What is the difference between base word and root word?	
	Guided Practice	Students work in pairs to blend "ea" words using	Student B: The	

	manipulatives or	difference	
The maximal actual and a will	whiteboards.	between a	
In pairs, students wil		base word	
choose one "dge" an	MRS: Whip Around	and a root word is	
one "au" word from			
the lists provided.	Students to		
Next, the students of	ask the person in	•	
Next, the students w	front of them a		
create their own	question using an		
sentences using each	"ea" base word or	Next, T to code a few	
word.	Suffix - ed word or	"Ee" words and then	
	Suffix - ing word .	assign one page of words	
Finally, "Share Out!"	2	for students to code by	
		themselves. After	
	Next, T to code a few	students have had a	
Independent Practice		couple of minutes to	
<u>independent ridetice</u>	assign one page of	practice independently,	
Extended Constructer		T to make rounds and	
Response (STAAR 2	code by themselves.	then show answers on the	
Practice)	After students have had	Clever Board. Ask	
The decy	a couple of minutes to	Students, "Do your words	
Homework	-	look like mine ?"	
<u>Homework</u>	practice independently, to make rounds and	IOOK IIKE ITIITIE ?	
Students will write a			
short paragraph (4-5	then show answers on	Activity: 1. Have	
sentences) that	the Clever Board. Ask	students	
includes at least two	Students, "Do your		
"dge" words and two	words look like mine ?"	Dive deep	
"au" words.		into reflecting on words	
du words.	Activity: 1. Have	containing "ee" words and	
	students	then share what they think	
		with their partners.	
	rep <mark>ea</mark> t		
	sentences containing	2. Students to prepare	
	"ea " words.	"ee" sentences and	
		be ready to share	
	2. Students to prepare	aloud.	

	 "ea" sentences and be ready to share aloud. 3. Teacher to introduce "Ee" words and explain that the students will discover "Ee" words tomorrow. 	 3. Audiovisual Discovery 4. T to show "ee" Anchor Chart 5. Engage in spelling activities that highlight "ee" patterns. 	
Demonstration of Learning	Quick review of "Au" and "Dge" words – How fast can you spell, ? Badge Wedge Judge Begrudge Sludge, et cetera T to put timer on for thirty seconds.	Ask students to write one "ee" word, one verb with "ed," and one verb with "ing," along with a sentence for each. This can be collected as they leave the classroom. This structure helps scaffold learning while focusing on specific phonetic and morphological concepts. Read a paragraph and code the "ee" Vowel Pair, underline all Vowel Pairs in the text.	

Intervention & Extension	Word banks for students who may struggle with spelling.	INTERVENTIONS: T to use visuals and color coding for students needing extra help.	INTERVENTIONS: Students create sentences using "ee" words. T to provide additional support to struggling students by working in small groups. Activity: Use manipulatives or visual aids to help students understand how "ed" and "ing" change a word's meaning. For example, use cards with base words that students can physically manipulate to add endings.	
Resources	READING BY DESIGN Book page 69,		Notebook paper Pencil Blue or Black Ink	
Pencils	Hand - Out of STAAR II EXTENDED		Tangible Dictionary OR Online Dictionary.	
Blue or Black ink pens	CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE text and Rubric.		Prefix - Suffix TEST Books	
Notebook paper				

Reading By Design cards book Pages 60, 61
